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EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE
HIGH COMMISSIONER'S PROGRAMME

Forty-fourth session

UNHCR EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

1. The last two years have seen significant and rapid changes in the nature, scale and complexity of UNHCR's activities. These developments have placed new demands upon the Central Evaluation Section, and established a need to strengthen the Office's ability to undertake systematic and professional reviews of key policy, management and operational issues.

2. Reviewing this need in the latter part of 1992, the Evaluation Committee concluded that an integrated package of measures was needed to develop UNHCR's evaluation capacity. The measures adopted are designed to build on the existing strengths of the Central Evaluation Section, and to draw more systematically on the evaluation expertise that exists outside of the Office.

3. The evaluation strategy introduced at the beginning of 1993 consists of four principal elements: (1) contracting a greater amount of work to professional evaluation consultants; (2) developing working relationships with research and policy institutes with proven expertise in refugee and humanitarian issues; (3) identifying and training UNHCR staff members with demonstrated aptitude in the evaluation function, and retaining their services within the Central Evaluation Section as semi-specialist staff; and (4) establishing arrangements for the secondment of experienced staff from governmental evaluation agencies. Substantial progress has already been made in implementing the first two of these measures, while the third and fourth approaches are the subject of ongoing discussions with relevant personnel

within and outside of the Office. Increased efforts have also been in the last year to ensure that evaluation conclusions and recommendations are effectively disseminated within UNHCR and incorporated into planning, training, and programme design.

4. The reorganization of the Controller's Division in April 1993 has resulted in a minor change in the composition of the Evaluation Committee. The Director of Programmes and Operational Support has joined the Committee, which also comprises the Deputy High Commissioner, the Controller, and the Director of International Protection. The Committee continues to be responsible for establishing an evaluation work programme, reviewing the recommendations made by internal and external evaluations of UNHCR activities, and ensuring that appropriate follow-up action is taken.

II. 1992-1993 WORK PROGRAMME

5. The introduction of a new evaluation strategy has enabled UNHCR to undertake a greater number and broader range of reviews than in the previous reporting period.

6. Since October 1992, UNHCR has initiated a number of studies relating to durable solutions. These include reviews of the repatriation and reintegration programmes for Cambodian and Nicaraguan refugees and a study of UNHCR's role in the formulation and implementation of "returnee aid and development" programmes. UNHCR has also undertaken a study of the International Conference on Central American Refugees (CIREFCA) process, which examines the relevance of recent experience in Central America to the promotion of durable solutions in other parts of the world.

7. Complex humanitarian emergencies form another important evaluation theme. A review of UNHCR operations in former Yugoslavia was initiated in the middle of 1993 to review the evolution of the operation, identify the principal lessons learned from the Office's involvement, and examine the broader impact of the emergency on UNHCR activities.

8. Evaluations undertaken in 1991-1992 on UNHCR's emergency preparedness and response capacity have been supplemented in 1993 by a review of the standby staffing arrangement established between UNHCR and two Nordic voluntary agencies. An examination of UNHCR's "cross-mandate" programme in Ethiopia and the relevance of this approach to other emergency situations will also be undertaken in 1993.

9. Reviews relating to several other important policy issues have been initiated during the past twelve months, including an evaluation of the impact of UNHCR's Policy on Refugee Women. The Central Evaluation Section has also undertaken an examination of UNHCR's role in providing protection and assistance to internally displaced persons, and a review of UNHCR policy and practice with regard to refugee enumeration and statistics.

A. Quick Impact Projects (QIPs) in Nicaragua

10. UNHCR's reintegration and rehabilitation programme for returnees in Nicaragua - the Quick Impact Project (QIP) initiative - has generated widespread interest and has been heralded as a prototype which could be applied or adapted to other countries where major repatriation movements are anticipated. The Central Evaluation Section completed a review which assessed the impact of QIPs and identified key lessons learned in their planning and implementation.

11. The review concluded that QIPs provide a coherent and effective approach to returnee reintegration, and that such initiatives should be considered as an integral component of future repatriation operations. At the same time, the review indicated that UNHCR may find it more difficult to establish similar programmes in countries where returnee numbers are larger and working conditions more difficult.

12. The evaluation endorsed the very clear set of programme principles, project criteria and working methods upon which the Nicaraguan programme was based. The review suggested that in future programmes of this type greater attention could be given to issues such as the timing and targeting of QIPs; the organizational arrangements established for the formulation, implementation and administration of reintegration activities; and the incorporation of QIPs into broader and longer-term development efforts.

13. The Nicaraguan review pointed out that particular benefits could be gained from greater cooperation between UNHCR and UNDP in the establishment of reintegration programmes, as the two organizations possess different but complementary capabilities. In addition, the evaluation stressed that the sustainability and impact of QIPs could be enhanced by ensuring that governmental institutions are more actively involved in the identification, approval and execution of projects.

14. The Central Evaluation Section's report on Nicaragua has been distributed to all UNHCR offices engaged in the planning and implementation of repatriation programmes. The review has been used in the preparation of workshops and training courses on repatriation programmes, and in drafting a set of guidelines on QIPs for UNHCR offices in the field.

B. The Cambodian repatriation operation

15. In 1992-1993, some 360,000 Cambodians returned from Thailand to their country of origin with UNHCR assistance, in one of the largest office repatriation movements ever undertaken by the Office. The Central Evaluation Section and the Regional Bureau for Asia completed a review of the Cambodia operation to assess its effectiveness and identify any lessons which could be used in the planning and implementation of other repatriation programmes.

16. The review, which is presently being finalized, concluded that the Cambodian repatriation was in many senses an exemplary operation. The review cited both the advantageous circumstances in which the repatriation took place, and the effectiveness of UNHCR management as having been of crucial importance to the operation's success.

17. In particular, the operation benefited from an experienced team of UNHCR staff members; effective leadership; a flexible and field-oriented approach to decision-making; a commitment to inter-agency cooperation; and a dynamic approach to external relations. The evaluation recommended that these managerial principles be applied to all future repatriation operations.

18. In order to avoid some of the difficulties which arose during the Cambodia repatriation, the review suggested that UNHCR's planning assumptions could be more rigorously scrutinized. Greater attention should also be given to the harmonization of UNHCR activities in countries of origin and asylum, and to the administrative capacity of offices which are engaged in major operations of this type.

19. The lessons identified in the Cambodia review will be incorporated into UNHCR's training and planning activities. The findings will also be discussed with UNDP, which has invited UNHCR to participate in a more detailed review of the Cambodian reintegration programme.

C. Returnee aid and development

20. The Central Evaluation Section's reviews of UNHCR repatriation and reintegration programmes in Nicaragua and Cambodia form part of a broader effort to clarify the Office's role in assisting returnee populations in their country of origin.

21. In the context of this initiative, which is being undertaken in cooperation with UNHCR's recently-appointed Senior Coordinator for Reintegration Assistance, the Central Evaluation Section has initiated a study of UNHCR's role in the promotion, formulation and implementation of returnee aid and development programmes. A preliminary examination of this issue was presented to the forty-third session of the Executive Committee, in a document entitled "Bridging the gap between returnee aid and development: a challenge to the international community" (EC/SC.2/56).

22. The purpose of this study is to examine the origins and development of the returnee aid and development concept, identify the circumstances under which this approach is appropriate and feasible, and make recommendations concerning the nature, extent and duration of UNHCR participation in such efforts. In addition, the review examines the organizational and operational implications of UNHCR involvement in returnee aid and development initiatives.

D. The CIREFCA process

23. In Central America, efforts to promote the reintegration of refugees and other groups of displaced persons have been pursued within the context of a regional initiative known as CIREFCA, jointly coordinated by UNHCR and UNDP. UNHCR's Central Evaluation Section has contracted the Washington-based Refugee Policy Group to undertake a review of the CIREFCA process.

24. This study will examine the structure and evolution of the CIREFCA model; assess the relevance of that model to the pursuit of durable solutions in other regions of the world; analyze the effectiveness of the relationship established between UNHCR and UNDP; and assess the political, social and economic impact of CIREFCA at the project level.

25. Fieldwork for this review has been completed and the report will be finalized after further consultations with UNDP. At that stage UNHCR and UNDP will also consider how the report might be most appropriately followed up.

E. UNHCR operations in former Yugoslavia

26. In order to identify lessons learned from UNHCR's operations in former Yugoslavia, the High Commissioner requested the Central Evaluation Section to carry out a review of selected activities and issues.

27. The in-depth evaluation, which is still in progress, was preceded in mid-year by a survey of operational activities. The survey focused on a number of issues, including: the coordination of UNHCR activities with non-traditional partners such as military forces; external relations activities and UNHCR's use of the media; the effectiveness of preventive protection; and the relationship between programme and protection objectives and the logistics operation. In addition, the survey analyzed issues arising from UNHCR's presence in a war zone, examined the precedents set by the operation and analyzed its implications for UNHCR activities elsewhere.

28. The results of the initial survey were used to facilitate a self-evaluation of the operation by key participants, and to prepare the final terms of reference for the in-depth evaluation.

F. Emergency staffing arrangements

29. In October 1991 the Danish and Norwegian Refugee Councils concluded a two-year standby staffing arrangement with UNHCR, intended to improve UNHCR's capacity to assist and protect refugees and other persons of concern to UNHCR in emergency situations.

30. UNHCR and the two refugee councils are co-sponsoring an independent evaluation of the standby staffing arrangement. The purpose of this evaluation is to assess the extent to which the arrangement has met its stated

objectives; identify the principal lessons learned from emergency operations in which secondees have been deployed; and make recommendations designed to enhance the effectiveness of any future standby staffing arrangement. The three organizations have established an Evaluation Steering Committee, which will be responsible for reviewing the report and ensuring that appropriate follow-up action is taken.

G. UNHCR policy on refugee women

31. Since 1985, when the Executive Committee adopted a conclusion on Refugee Women and Refugee Protection, (Conclusion No. 39(XXXVI) UNHCR has developed a comprehensive policy on refugee women. The Central Evaluation Section is currently reviewing the adequacy, implementation and impact of that policy.

32. A principal purpose of the review is to examine the concept of "mainstreaming" gender issues and to assess the operational implications of this approach. The review also focuses on the effectiveness of specific actions which have been taken to disseminate and implement UNHCR's policy on refugee women, such as "people-oriented planning" training activities, the placement of officers with a specific responsibility for women's issues in key field locations, and the introduction of Guidelines for the Protection of Refugee Women (EC/SCP/67).

33. On completion of the report, a Steering Committee will be established, comprised of representatives from appropriate Bureaux and Divisions within UNHCR, to oversee the follow-up to the review.

H. Protecting and assisting internally displaced persons

34. On a number of recent occasions, UNHCR has been requested to extend its activities to include people who have been displaced within their own country. The opportunities for UNHCR to become involved with this group appear likely to grow in the future.

35. The Central Evaluation Section is presently engaged in a study which examines the implications of these trends for the work of UNHCR and provides specific proposals for future organizational policy and practice in providing internally displaced persons with protection, assistance and durable solutions. The evaluation examines the actual and potential involvement of other humanitarian agencies with the internally displaced, and recommends legal and organizational initiatives which would enhance the security and welfare of this group.

36. Once the report's conclusions and recommendations have been reviewed by relevant Bureaux and Divisions within UNHCR, additional work may be carried out on this issue, examining the Office's role with regard to internally displaced persons in specific geographical locations.

I. Refugee enumeration and statistics

37. In recent years, UNHCR has employed a variety of systems and techniques to collect and collate statistical data relating to refugees. Much of the information gathered by or provided to the Office, however, has proved to be of limited value.

38. In order to learn lessons from past experience and to provide specific recommendations for the future, the Central Evaluation Section completed a two-part review of UNHCR policy and practice with regard to refugee enumeration and statistics.

39. The first part of the review, which focused on mass determination programmes, concluded that UNHCR's capacity to collect accurate data on large refugee populations is limited by a variety of logistical, political and methodological constraints. While these constraints cannot be eliminated, greater efforts could be made to overcome them by introducing new approaches to data collection and by ensuring that optimal enumeration conditions are established at the outset of all new operations.

40. The second part of the evaluation examined the issue of asylum statistics in Western Europe. The review stated that while efforts have been made to harmonize asylum policies within the region, the same attention has not been given to the issue of statistical data. While each country provides data to UNHCR regularly, each does so at different intervals, with varying degrees of detail, and in constantly changing formats.

41. In these circumstances, the review concluded, the scope for improvement is limited. While UNHCR should take steps to clarify its statistical needs and establish effective recording systems for the data it receives, real progress will depend on the willingness of European Governments to provide UNHCR with statistics which are accurate, consistent and comparable.

42. The Central Evaluation Section has invited all UNHCR offices to comment on the review. Their comments, along with the conclusions and recommendations presented in the report, are being taken into account in the preparation of a set of practical guidelines on refugee registration and enumeration. Responsibility for this task is being shared by UNHCR's newly-appointed Statistician, and a member of the Emergency Preparedness and Response Section.

III. EXTERNAL EVALUATIONS

43. Two major external evaluations of UNHCR activities were completed during the reporting period.

44. The first, undertaken by the United Nations Central Evaluation Unit at the request of the Economic and Social Council's Committee on Programme and Coordination (CPC), examined a broad range of issues, including UNHCR's role

in providing refugees and other displaced people with protection, assistance and durable solutions; UNHCR's training and promotional activities; and finance, management and human-resource questions. The CPC discussed and endorsed the evaluation report during its May 1993 meeting, and decided that the review should be transmitted to UNHCR's Executive Committee for consideration and action.

45. The second external evaluation, carried out on behalf of the International Humanitarian Assistance Division of the Canadian International Development Agency, focused more specifically on three questions: organizational resources, organizational strategy, and organizational performance. UNHCR has carried out an extensive examination of the evaluation report, and has taken its conclusions and recommendations into account during recent reviews of the Office's human resources and programme management activities.

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EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE
HIGH COMMISIONER'S PROGRAMME

Forty-fourth session

REPORT ON THE STATUS OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO UNHCR VOLUNTARY FUNDS AS OF 31 MAY 1993

1. This report indicates the status of contributions as of 31 May 1993 from governmental, intergovernmental, non-governmental and private sources towards UNHCR assistance activities in 1993.

2. The table accompanying this document shows contributions to the UNHCR Special and General Programmes for the years 1992 and 1993, which had been paid or pledged as of 31 May 1993.

3. Donor support was again exceptional during 1992. Several donors further increased their total contributions which allowed UNHCR to meet the demands made upon the Office following the beginning of the conflict in former Yugoslavia. As a result, the overall contribution figure ($ 1,184.6 million) was 33.2 per cent higher than that of 1991 ($ 888.9 million).

4. Contributions towards 1993 General Programmes paid or pledged by 31 May 1993 amounted to some $ 206.7 million (see table). Contributions towards Special Programmes, including all income recorded under Other Trust Funds, paid or pledged as of 31 May, amounted to $ 234.5 million (see table). Total contributions in 1993 thus far amount to $ 441.3 million.

5. The response of the international community as of the reporting date continues to be affected by the global economic downturn, as well as by the major demands on its assistance towards the former Yugoslavia. Thus, an amount of approximately $ 207 million remains to be funded under the General Programmes and $ 719.2 million under the Special Programmes.

GE.93-01862

CONTRIBUTIONS TO UNHCR ASSISTANCE PROGRAMMES

IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS

SITUATION AS AT 31 MAY 1993

1992			DONOR	1993		
GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES	TOTAL		TOTAL	GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES
			A. GOVERNMENTS			
50,000	80,000	130,000	Algeria	50,000	50,000	---
5,202,522	3,218,731	8,421,253	Australia	5,682,493	4,968,802	713,691
454,902	1,882,191	2,337,093	Austria	2,332,143	391,228	1,940,915
2,217,157	3,831,337	6,048,494	Belgium	1,444,766	757,576	687,190
5,000	---	5,000	Bhutan	---	---	---
---	100,000	100,000	Brunei Darussalam	---	---	---
3,861	---	3,861	Burkina Faso	---	---	---
3,704	---	3,704	Cameroon	---	---	---
19,227,252	22,492,451	41,719,703	Canada	19,781,653	11,751,094	8,030,559
20,000	3,000	23,000	Chile	---	---	---
250,000	134,000	384,000	China	329,615	250,000	79,615
18,090	---	18,090	Colombia	18,090	18,090	---
2,776	---	2,776	Costa Rica	---	---	---
3,000	67,000	70,000	Cyprus	---	---	---
---	25,000	25,000	Former Czech and Slovak Federal Republic	---	---	---
16,902,585	22,491,662	39,394,247	Denmark	22,826,836	16,312,705	6,514,131
1,000	---	1,000	Djibouti	---	---	---
1,000	---	1,000	El Salvador	---	---	---
17,896,509	12,238,739	30,135,248	Finland	3,241,150	---	3,241,150
6,152,358	29,039,459	35,191,817	France	13,573,197	6,233,475	7,339,722
7,057,052	77,942,113	84,999,165	Germany	12,849,822	5,590,062	7,259,760
250,000	43,324	293,324	Greece	270,000	260,000	10,000
10,000	2,021	12,021	Holy See	310,000	10,000	300,000
20,000	---	20,000	Hungary	20,000	20,000	---
40,210	53,495	93,705	Iceland	42,220	42,220	---
7,143	---	7,143	India	---	---	---
4,000	123,650	127,650	Indonesia	4,000	4,000	---
44,000	---	44,000	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	44,000	44,000	---
---	916,129	916,129	Iraq	---	---	---
179,442	837,366	1,016,808	Ireland	1,124,865	740,250	384,615
8,119,658	13,868,758	21,988,416	Italy	3,528,572	---	3,528,572
30,020,247	89,603,567	119,623,814	Japan	16,907,370	6,300,000	10,607,370
448	---	448	Kenya	---	---	---

CONTRIBUTIONS TO UNHCR ASSISTANCE PROGRAMMES

IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS

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1992			DONOR	1993		
GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES	TOTAL		TOTAL	GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES
12,000	---	12,000	Lao People's Democratic Republic	---	---	---
---	---	---	Lesotho	940	940	---
100,000	---	100,000	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	---	---	---
34,014	33,160	67,174	Liechtenstein	6,803	6,803	---
433,999	818,906	1,252,905	Luxembourg	531,719	45,455	486,264
267	---	267	Madagascar	---	---	---
20,000	---	20,000	Malaysia	20,000	20,000	---
1,822	5,000	6,822	Malta	---	---	---
100,001	---	100,001	Mexico	---	---	---
5,914	---	5,914	Monaco	6,600	6,600	---
15,000	1,968,934	1,983,934	Morocco	---	---	---
---	---	---	Namibia	1,500	1,500	---
23,086,459	21,563,964	44,650,423	Netherlands	26,531,206	14,603,603	11,927,603
323,730	---	323,730	New Zealand	---	---	---
7,585	33,163	40,748	Nigeria	---	---	---
21,607,143	28,776,459	50,383,602	Norway	21,008,058	18,922,853	2,085,205
4,000	3,200,204	3,204,204	Oman	4,000	4,000	---
3,760	---	3,760	Pakistan	4,235	4,235	---
500	---	500	Panama	---	---	---
---	270	270	Philippines	---	---	---
20,000	---	20,000	Poland	---	---	---
100,000	---	100,000	Portugal	50,000	50,000	---
17,500	---	17,500	Qatar	---	---	---
20,000	50,000	70,000	Republic of Korea	100,000	100,000	---
---	---	---	Russian Federation	180,000	---	180,000
---	300,000	300,000	Saudi Arabia	---	---	---
1,718,030	2,055,579	3,773,609	Spain	2,211,680	1,736,842	474,838
---	---	---	Sri Lanka	3,500	3,500	---
833	---	833	Sudan	---	---	---
48,695,945	43,057,571	91,753,516	Sweden	57,435,955	32,775,453	24,660,502
9,906,238	14,436,827	24,343,065	Switzerland	18,692,022	7,692,308	10,999,714
15,000	4,000	19,000	Thailand	---	---	---
---	1,000	1,000	Togo	---	---	---
1,756	---	1,756	Trinidad and Tobago	---	---	---
4,900	3,750	8,650	Tunisia	5,495	5,495	---
50,000	793,651	843,651	Turkey	103,000	70,000	33,000

CONTRIBUTIONS TO UNHCR ASSISTANCE PROGRAMMES

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SITUATION AS AT 31 MAY 1993

1992			DONOR	1993		
GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES	TOTAL		TOTAL	GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES
---	---	---	United Arab Emirates	50,000	50,000	---
23,371,444	44,214,953	67,586,397	United Kingdom	40,739,019	4,552,239	36,186,780
84,248,648	156,440,233	240,688,881	United States of America	96,380,000	63,750,000	32,630,000
20,237	---	20,237	Venezuela	---	---	---
---	521	521	Zambia	---	---	---
9,294	---	9,294	Zimbabwe	---	---	---
328,119,935	596,752,138	924,872,073	TOTAL (Governments)	368,446,524	198,145,328	170,301,196
			B. INTER-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS			
23,119,989	205,728,743	228,848,732	European Community	37,347,025	8,039,450	29,307,575
23,119,989	205,728,743	228,848,732	TOTAL (Inter-Governmental Organizations)	37,347,025	8,039,450	29,307,575
			C. UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM			
---	1,142,214	1,142,214	United Nations Development Programme (UNO)	325,066	---	325,066
---	459,070	459,070	United Nations Office of the Co-ordinator for Afghanistan (UNO)	---	---	---
---	---	---	UN Department of Humanitarian Affairs (UNO)	2,000,000	---	2,000,000
6,813	---	6,813	UNICEF (UNO)	---	---	---
6,813	1,601,284	1,608,097	TOTAL (UN System)	2,325,066		2,325,066

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1992			DONOR	1993		
GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES	TOTAL		TOTAL	GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES
			D. REGIONAL/AUTONOMOUS AUTHORITIES, NGOs AND OTHER DONORS			
---	---	---	City of Toronto, Canada (REG)	19,841	---	19,841
---	---	---	Emilia-Romagna, Italy (REG)	35,714	---	35,714
---	82,353	82,353	Tuscany Region, Italy (REG)	---	---	---
---	---	---	Basque Autonomous Region, Spain (REG)	354,623	---	354,623
---	83,732	83,732	Croissant Rouge algerien (ALG)	---	---	---
2,392	---	2,392	Mouvement Panafricain de la Jeunesse (ALG)	---	---	---
---	157,395	157,395	Austcare (AUL)	---	---	---
260	---	260	Private (AUL)	---	---	---
1,000	---	1,000	Private (BGD)	---	---	---
---	---	---	Broederlijk Delen (BEL)	19,921	19,921	---
---	90,909	90,909	Eternit (BEL)	---	---	---
---	212,121	212,121	Executif de la Communaute flamande (BEL)	---	---	---
---	12,732	12,732	Solidarite liberale internationale (BEL)	---	---	---
130	14,643	14,773	Private (BEL)	---	---	---
---	704,186	704,186	Canadian Baptist Federation (CAN)	---	---	---
---	1,486	1,486	Ethiopian Association in Toronto Inc (CAN)	---	---	---
---	423,264	423,264	Mennonite Central Committee (CAN)	---	---	---
1,731	911	2,642	Private (CAN)	3	3	---
---	207	207	Private (ARE)	---	---	---
3,000	---	3,000	OAU Staff (ETH)	---	---	---
---	---	---	Finnish Refugee Council (FIN)	11,291	---	11,291
---	---	---	Association Rainbow (FRA)	2,336	---	2,336
---	---	---	Handicap International (FRA)	416,392	---	416,392
---	---	---	S.B.P.E (FRA)	9,124	---	9,124
---	---	---	Soka Gakkai (FRA)	152,866	---	152,866

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1992			DONOR	1993		
GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES	TOTAL		TOTAL	GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES
14,779	---	14,779	Private (FRA)	1,809	1,809	---
197,033	179,005	376,038	Deutsche Stiftung fur UNO-Fluchtlingshilfe (FRG)	84,055	21,118	62,937
12,500	---	12,500	NATO Music Festival, Monchengladbach (FRG)	---	---	---
---	62,500	62,500	Premiere Medien GmbH (FRG)	---	---	---
3,944	---	3,944	Private (FRG)	10,603	1,455	9,148
46,447	---	46,447	Adventist Development and Relief Agency (GUI)	---	---	---
1,154	---	1,154	Far East Trade Press Ltd (HKG)	---	---	---
1,000	30	1,030	Private (HKG)	---	---	---
28	---	28	Private (IND)	---	---	---
49	---	49	Private (INS)	---	---	---
---	100,870	100,870	Italian Red Cross (ITA)	---	---	---
4,881	361	5,242	Private (ITA)	---	---	---
2,623	---	2,623	Association to Assist Liberian Refugees (JPN)	---	---	---
24,390	---	24,390	Chubu Golf Association (JPN)	---	---	---
---	46,469	46,469	City of Yokohama (JPN)	---	---	---
---	42,052	42,052	Commission for the Solidarity of Indochinese Refugees (JPN)	---	---	---
15,038	22,556	37,594	Egawa Unso Chuto Nanmin Kyuen-Kai (JPN)	---	---	---
8,333	---	8,333	Ehime Co-op (JPN)	---	---	---
7,937	---	7,937	Federation of Electric Power Workers' Union of Japan (JPN)	---	---	---
---	71,513	71,513	Fuji Optical Service International (JPN)	---	---	---
20,631	---	20,631	Fukuoka Satoru, PE-Man Club (JPN)	---	---	---
26,175	---	26,175	Global Rainbowship (JPN)	---	---	---
---	75,188	75,188	Gulf Evacuees Relief Execution Committee (JPN)	---	---	---
15,817	---	15,817	Hayakawa Toshinori, Earth Family (JPN)	---	---	---
---	9,376,005	9,376,005	Japan Committee for Refugee Relief (JPN)	428,095	---	428,095
---	15,094	15,094	Japan Committee of WCRP (JPN)	---	---	---
---	---	---	Japan Ladies Tennis Federation (JPN)	8,064	4,032	4,032
2,439	---	2,439	Japan Relief Clothing Centre (JPN)	---	---	---
23,437	33,594	57,031	Japan Times (JPN)	59,829	29,915	29,914

CONTRIBUTIONS TO UNHCR ASSISTANCE PROGRAMMES

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1992			DONOR	1993		
GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES	TOTAL		TOTAL	GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES
7,692	---	7,692	Jinrui Aizenkai Sohonbu (JPN)	---	---	---
174,833	---	174,833	Kanto Golf Association (JPN)	---	---	---
62,150	---	62,150	Kokusai Ai-no Koza (JPN)	15,256	15,256	---
---	2,000	2,000	Komei-To to Shimin no Kai (JPN)	---	---	---
---	33,286	33,286	Komeito Fukuoka Prefectural Headquarters (JPN)	---	---	---
24,812	41,354	66,166	Mainichi Shimbun Social Welfare Foundation (JPN)	---	---	---
---	10,156	10,156	Manyou-Kai (JPN)	---	---	---
---	1,000,000	1,000,000	National Horse Racing Welfare Foundation (JPN)	1,000,000	---	1,000,000
11,719	---	11,719	Nihon Chukinto Africa Fujinkai (JPN)	---	---	---
---	150,376	150,376	Nihon Roodoo Kumiai Soorengookai (JPN)	170,940	---	170,940
---	3,167	3,167	Rieh Company Ltd. (JPN)	---	---	---
---	100,000	100,000	Rissho Kosei Kai (JPN)	---	---	---
8,063	---	8,063	Shinwakai (JPN)	---	---	---
231,746	379,365	611,111	Soka Gakkai (JPN)	524,193	---	524,193
8,805	---	8,805	Sophia University Alumni Assocciation (JPN)	---	---	---
53,403	16,460	69,863	Soroptimist International (JPN)	17,500	---	17,500
9,231	---	9,231	Splitting Bread Group (Kojima Takeo) (JPN)	---	---	---
---	40,323	40,323	Tendaishu (JPN)	---	---	---
---	8,716	8,716	Toyohashi Zen I Bank (JPN)	9,144	9,144	---
127,832	---	127,832	Tree for Life (JPN)	14,208	14,208	---
---	15,484	15,484	Zen Dentsu (JPN)	---	---	---
---	883,609	883,609	24 Hour Television (JPN)	---	---	---
---	---	---	Mr. Shijuro Ogata (JPN)	14,925	14,925	---
---	3,846	3,846	Mrs. Michiko Inukai (JPN)	---	---	---
466,193	90,618	556,811	Private (JPN)	61,769	44,016	17,753
---	19,950	19,950	Chancel International Limited (KEN)	---	---	---
155	---	155	Private (KEN)	---	---	---
---	15,000	15,000	Middle East Council of Churches (LEB)	---	---	---
---	643	643	Private (LUX)	---	---	---
623	---	623	Private (MEX)	---	---	---
10,000	---	10,000	Hudig-Langeveldt Groep bv (NET)	---	---	---
5,780	---	5,780	Loosco Foundation (NET)	---	---	---
476,226	901,831	1,378,057	Stichting Vluchteling (NET)	335,231	182,403	152,828

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1992			DONOR	1993		
GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES	TOTAL		TOTAL	GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES
88	---	88	Private (NET)	---	---	---
2,667	---	2,667	Private (NZL)	---	---	---
48	---	48	Private (NIG)	---	---	---
---	176,456	176,456	Norwegian Refugee Council (NOR)	---	---	---
400	---	400	Private (PAK)	---	---	---
26	---	26	Private (PNG)	---	---	---
---	3,424	3,424	Private (POR)	---	---	---
---	522,950	522,950	Bagedo Trading & Corporation (SAU)	---	---	---
---	---	---	Prince El Walid bin Talal bin Abdul Aziz Al Saud (SAU)	26,667	26,667	---
26,668	---	26,668	Private (SAU)	1,600	---	1,600
26	200	226	Private (SIN)	---	---	---
---	60,000	60,000	Centre Internacional Esc. per a les Minories Etniques (SPA)	---	---	---
24,752	---	24,752	Generalitat of Catalonia (SPA)	---	---	---
---	138,104	138,104	Mundo en Armonia (SPA)	---	---	---
---	---	---	Spanish Red Cross (SPA)	2,858,544	---	2,858,544
112	400	512	Private (SPA)	102	17	85
---	---	---	Erik Aid - Swedish Relief & Hospital Supply (SWE)	3,205	---	3,205
---	172,000	172,000	Radda Barnen (SWE)	71,284	42,075	29,209
---	---	---	Swedish Radio (SWE)	4,006	4,006	---
624	---	624	Private (SWE)	270	270	---
---	---	---	Association de Soutien à la Démocratie au Togo (SWI)	530	---	530
---	2,774	2,774	Inter-Community School (SWI)	---	---	---
---	---	---	Nestle SA, Vevey (SWI)	69,930	---	69,930
---	---	---	Procter & Gamble (SWI)	662	662	---
---	1,460	1,460	Societe de Banque Suisse (SWI)	---	---	---
---	11,679	11,679	Swedish Club, Lausanne (SWI)	---	---	---
6,711	---	6,711	UNOG Staff Co-ordinating Council (SWI)	---	---	---
160,098	3,590	163,688	Private (SWI)	132,401	118,291	14,110

CONTRIBUTIONS TO UNHCR ASSISTANCE PROGRAMMES

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SITUATION AS AT 31 MAY 1993

1992			DONOR	1993		
GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES	TOTAL		TOTAL	GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES
3,472	---	3,472	UNHCR Staff (SWI)	---	---	---
---	2,000	2,000	Private (THA)	---	---	---
---	56,712	56,712	Human Appeal International (UAE)	---	---	---
1,770	---	1,770	Association of Wives of Heads of African Missions (GBR)	---	---	---
---	---	---	BP/STATOIL (GBR)	156,986	---	156,986
---	35,403	35,403	Imperial Chemical Industries (GBR)	---	---	---
---	---	---	Nancy Hadwen Charitable Trust (GBR)	1,570	1,570	---
---	93,446	93,446	OXFAM (GBR)	---	---	---
---	8,240	8,240	United Nations Association (GBR)	---	---	---
---	856	856	University of Edinburgh (GBR)	---	---	---
7,086	42,689	49,775	Private (GBR)	96	96	---
---	---	---	Ford Foundation (USA)	60,000	---	60,000
---	15,000	15,000	Jinishian Memorial Program (USA)	---	---	---
15,000	---	15,000	Refugees International (USA)	---	---	---
---	10,000,000	10,000,000	Soros Fund (USA)	26,000,000	---	26,000,000
10,000	---	10,000	St. Thomas Aquinas Center (USA)	---	---	---
---	---	---	The Peace Prize Forum (USA)	1,000	1,000	---
640	---	640	USA for UNHCR (USA)	---	---	---
18,769	4,969	23,738	Private (USA)	1,670	1,425	245
10,000	---	10,000	Chevron International (YEM)	---	---	---
---	288	288	Private (YUG)	---	---	---
2,405,368	26,878,000	29,283,368	TOTAL (Regional/Autonomous Authorities, NGOs and other Donors)	33,168,255	554,284	32,613,971

CONTRIBUTIONS TO UNHCR ASSISTANCE PROGRAMMES

IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS

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1992			DONOR	1993		
GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES	TOTAL		TOTAL	GENERAL PROGRAMMES	SPECIAL PROGRAMMES
353,652,105	830,960,165	1,184,612,270	GRAND TOTAL	441,286,870	206,739,062	234,547,808
63	43	70	NUMBER OF CONTRIBUTING GOVERNMENTS	42	39	24